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# Sample Paper BTEUP

#### COMMUNITY PHARMACY & MANAGEMENT

#### D. PHARMA 2nd YEAR

TIME 03:00 HOURS

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 80** 

### PART - A

### Long Answers (Answer 6 out of 7) =

 $6 \times 5 = 30$ 

- Q.1. Write about the communication skill, their types, and importance during the (RMPs interaction), (patient interaction).
- Q.2. What do you mean by verbal communication? Give advantages and disadvantages of verbal communication.
- Q.3. Role of pharmacist in OTC medication and write about OTC medication advantage and promoting factor.
- Q.4. 0Explain the role of community pharmacist.
- Q.5. Define all terms- Vendor selection and ordering Procurement, inventory control methods, and inventory management.
- Q.6. Explain about prescription method and their handling method and draw the layout of prescription proforma.
- Q.7. Write brief about patient counselling (stages, process and content)

### PART – B

#### Short Answers (Answer 10 out of 11) =

 $10 \times 3 = 30$ 

- Q.1. Write the short notes on Good pharmacy practice and SOPs.
- Q.2. Define the terms- Digital health, mHealth, and online pharmacies.
- Q.3. Define self-medication and role of pharmacists in promoting safe practice.
- Q.4. Define the term medication adherence and their factor which promote or demote the medication adherence.
- Q.5. Explain and draw the pharmacy design and interiors.
- Q.6. Define financial planning. Give importance of financial planning
- Q.7. Write a note on body language is a type of communication.
- Q.8. Define patient information leaflet. Give importance of patient information leaflet
- Q.9. Write a brief note on OTC medication in India.
- Q.10. Write about the factors which promotes our communication skill.

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Q.11. Write some general advice point for COPD and AIDs.

#### **PART-C**

#### **Multiple Choice Questions:**

Answer all questions. Each question carries equal marks.

 $20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ marks}$ 

- 1. When did the concept of community pharmacy first emerge?
  - a. In the 17th century
  - b. In the 18th century
  - c. In the 19th century
  - d. In the 20th century
- 2. What is Good Pharmacy Practice (GPP)?
  - a. A set of guidelines for the practice of pharmacy
  - b. A set of guidelines for the use of drugs
  - c. A set of guidelines for the manufacture of drugs
  - d. A set of guidelines for the distribution of drugs
- 3. What are the factors that can influence non-adherence to medication?
  - a) Forgetfulness
  - b) Side effects
  - c) Lack of education about medication
  - d) All of the above
- 4. The history of community pharmacy in india starts with opening of chemist shop in ......year.
  - a) 1811
  - b) 1812
  - c) 1813
  - d) 1814
- 5. ...... is the disorder in which stools became hard, dry & difficult to pass from the bowel [constipation / diarrhoea]
- 6. OTC are .....drugs. [prescription/ non-prescription]
- 7. In ved analysis method e stands for .....items. [essential/economics]
- 8. ....means process of vomiting. [emesis/nausea]
- 9. What are the different types of communication skills?
  - a. Verbal, written, and body language
  - b. Verbal and written only
  - c. Verbal and body language only
  - d. Written and body language only
- 10. What are the types of verbal communication skills?
  - a. One-to-one and group communication
  - b. One-to-one and telephonic communication
  - c. Telephonic and group communication

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- d. Written and telephonic communication
- 11. What is the role of healthcare providers in improving medication adherence?
  - a) Prescribing medication correctly
  - b) Educating patients about their medication
  - c) Monitoring medication use
  - d) All of the above
- 12. Which of the following is an example of a health screening service offered in community pharmacy?
  - a) ECG monitoring
  - b) MRI scanning
  - c) Biopsy
  - d) None of the above
- 13. What is the role of pharmacists in promoting safe practices during selfmedication?
  - a) To encourage customers to use as much medication as possible
  - b) To discourage the use of any medication without a prescription
  - c) To provide advice on safe and effective use of OTC medication
  - d) To diagnose illnesses and prescribe medication
- 14. Which of the following is a legal requirement to set up a community pharmacy?
  - a) Having a degree in pharmacy
  - b) Obtaining a license from the local council
  - c) Registering with a professional pharmacy organization
  - d) All of the above
- 15. Minimum practical training required for registration of pharmacists is not less than......
  - a) 100 hours
  - b) 200 hours
  - c) 500 hours
  - d) None
- 16. Aarogya setu app is is launched by government of india during the fight against......
  - a) T.b
  - b) Polio
  - c) Covid-19
  - d) Leprosy
- 17. Petty cash book is a book of account which records....amount. [major/minor]
- 18. Communication is a parts of ..... Skill.
  - a) Hard
  - b) Soft
  - c) Rough
  - d) Short
- 19. What is the primary objective of health screening services in community pharmacy?
  - a) To provide treatment to patients

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- b) To diagnose and treat diseases
- c) To identify health risks and provide preventive care
- d) None of the above
- 20. What is the importance of health screening services in community pharmacy?
  - a) To provide free services to patients
  - b) To identify potential health risks and promote preventive health care
  - c) To reduce medication errors
  - d) None of the above

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